## PRELIMINARY DRAFT No. 3847

## PREPARED BY LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY 2005 GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## **DIGEST**

Citations Affected: IC 20-5.

Synopsis: Title 20 recodification. Article 26 (part).

Effective: July 1, 2005.

20051294

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

[IC 20-5-6-1] Sec. 1. Except for IC 20-5-3-1, IC 20-5-3-3, and IC 20-5-3-4, the powers given each school corporation in IC 20-5-1 through IC 20-5-6 and the limitations on such powers set out in IC 20-5-1 through IC 20-5-6 shall not be construed to limit the power or authority of such the governing body given by any other statute or rule.

[IC 20-5-6-2] Sec. 2. Except as provided in section 1 of this chapter, IC 20-5-1 through IC 20-5-6 shall be is supplemental and in addition to all other statutes and rules. The powers given to any school corporation under IC 20-5-1 through IC 20-5-6 shall be are in addition to those given by any other statute or rule and shall are not be subject to any limitations set out therein, [??] or to comply with the provisions thereof, those statutes, except to the extent provided in IC 20-5-1 through IC 20-5-6 by specific reference to a designated statute or the statute or rule relating to a given subject. and All statutes in conflict with the provisions of IC 20-5-1 through IC 20-5-6 are hereby repealed to the extent of such the conflict.

[IC 20-5-6-3] Sec. 3. IC 20-5-1 through IC 20-5-6 shall be liberally construed to permit the governing body of a school corporations corporation to conduct its affairs in a manner consistent with sound business practice to the ends that the authority of the governing body shall be is clarified and that it shall be is permitted to operate with the maximum efficiency consistent with accountability.

[IC 20-5-6-4] Sec. 4. A governing body in operating a school lunch program pursuant to under IC 20-5-2-2(10) may use either of the following accounting methods:

- (1) It may supervise and control the program through the school corporation account, establishing a school lunch fund.
- (2) It may cause such program to be operated by the individual schools of the school corporation through the school corporation's extracurricular account or accounts in accordance with IC 20-5-7.



[IC 20-5-6-5] Sec. 5. (a) A governing body in operating a textbook rental program pursuant to IC 20-5-2-2(11) may use either of the following accounting methods:

- (1) It may supervise and control the program through the school corporation account, establishing a textbook rental fund.
- (2) Where If no textbooks have been purchased and no financial commitments or guarantees for such the purchases have been made by the school corporation, the governing body may cause such the program to be operated by the individual schools of the school corporation through the school corporation's extracurricular account or accounts in accordance with IC 20-5-7.
- (b) Where If the governing body determines that a hardship exists due to the inability of a student's family to purchase or rent textbooks taking into consideration the income of such the family and the demands thereon, on the family, it may furnish textbooks to such students without charge, without reference to the application of any other statute or rule except IC 20-5-1 through IC 20-5-6.

[IC 20-5-6-6] Sec. 6. (1) Where If a school lunch fund and a textbook rental fund are created in accordance with section 4 or 5 of this chapter, the receipts and expenditures therefrom from a fund for the program to which each the fund relates shall be made to and from such the fund without appropriation or the application of other statutes and rules relating to the budgets of municipal corporations.

(2) Where If either the lunch program or textbook rental program are is handled through the extracurricular account, the governing body of the school corporation shall approve the amount of the bond of the treasurer of the extracurricular account in an amount deemed considered by it sufficient to protect the account for all funds coming into the hands of the treasurer of such the account.

[IC 20-5-6-6.5] Sec. 6.5. In furtherance of the For purposes of IC 20-5-2-1.2 and pursuant to under the powers of IC 20-5-2-2(19), the governing body of any school corporation may join and associate with groups of other school corporations within Indiana in regional school study councils to examine common school problems and exchange educational information of mutual benefit, and dues to such the study councils shall be paid by the school corporation from the general fund.

[IC 20-5-6-6.6] Sec. 6.6. A governing body pursuant to under its powers to fix and pay the salaries and compensation of employees of the school corporation and to contract for services under IC 20-5-2-2(7) may distribute payroll based on contractual and salary schedule commitments in lieu instead of payroll estimates approved in advance by the governing body.

[IC 20-5-6-7] Sec. 7. The governing body of any school corporation may permit any of its facilities to be used by any person in situations and at times which that do not interfere with use of the facility for school purposes, as for example:



1	(1) use of a swimming pool or other athletic facility; or
2	(2) use of classrooms or other space in a school for purposes of
3	school age childcare;
4	and may incur any necessary expense in the use or operation of the
5	facility. The governing body may set up and charge a schedule of fees
6	for admission to or use of any facility outside the school corporation's
7	regular school program. All such fees shall be receipted to the general
8	fund or to the special school fund of the school corporation.
9	[IC 20-5-6-9] Sec. 9. (a) As used in this section, "public school
10	endowment corporation" means a corporation that is:
11	(1) organized under the Indiana Nonprofit Corporation Act of
12	1991 (IC 23-17);
13	(2) organized exclusively for educational, charitable, and
14	scientific purposes; and
15	(3) formed for the purpose of providing educational resources to:
16	(A) a particular school corporation or school corporations; or
17	(B) the schools in a particular geographic area.
18	(b) As used in this section, "proceeds from riverboat gaming" means
19	tax revenue received by a political subdivision under IC 4-33-12-6,
20	IC 4-33-13, or an agreement to share a city's or county's part of the tax
21	revenue.
22	(c) As used in this section, "political subdivision" has the meaning
23	set forth in IC 36-1-2-13.
24	(d) A political subdivision may donate proceeds from riverboat
25	gaming to a public school endowment corporation under the following
26	conditions:
27	(1) The public school endowment corporation retains all rights to
28	the donation, including investment powers.
29	(2) The public school endowment corporation agrees to return the
30	donation to the political subdivision if the corporation:
31	(A) loses the corporation's status as a public charitable
32	organization;
33	(B) is liquidated; or
34	(C) violates any condition of the endowment set by the fiscal
35	body of the political subdivision.
36	(e) A public school endowment corporation may distribute both
37	principal and income.
38	[IC 20-5-6-10] Sec. 10. (a) The governing body of a school
39	corporation may donate the proceeds of a grant, a gift, a donation, an
40	endowment, a bequest, a trust, or an agreement to share tax revenue
41	received by a city or county under IC 4-33-12-6 or IC 4-33-13, or other
42	funds not generated from taxes levied by the school corporation, to a
43	foundation under the following conditions:
44	(1) The foundation is a charitable nonprofit community
45	foundation.

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(2) The foundation retains all rights to the donation, including



1 investment powers, except as provided in subdivision (3). 2 (3) The foundation agrees to do the following: 3 (A) Hold the donation as a permanent endowment. 4 (B) Distribute the income from the donation only to the school 5 corporation as directed by resolution of the governing body of 6 the school corporation. 7 (C) Return the donation to the general fund of the school 8 corporation if the foundation: 9 (i) loses the foundation's status as a public charitable 10 organization; (ii) is liquidated; or 11 12 (iii) violates any condition of the endowment set by the 13 governing body of the school corporation. 14 (b) A school corporation may use income received under this 15 section from a community foundation only for purposes of the school 16 corporation. 17 [IC 20-5-7-0.5] Sec. 0.5. As used in this chapter, "treasurer" 18 includes an assistant treasurer or a deputy treasurer. 19 [IC 20-5-7-1] Sec. 1. (a) Every public school in the state of Indiana 20 shall must have a treasurer for the purpose purposes of this chapter 21 who shall must be the superintendent or principal of the particular 22 school or some clerk of the school corporation or member of the faculty 23 appointed by such the superintendent or principal. such This 24 designation to must be made immediately upon the opening of the 25 school term or the vacating of such the treasurership. All claims shall 26 be filed and paid in accordance with the terms of under section 2 of 27 this chapter, and the power to appoint and engage such school treasurer 28 or clerk is hereby granted to the employing and/or or appointing 29 officials of the school. 30 (b) A school corporation may appoint one (1) or more assistant or 31 deputy treasurers. 32 [IC 20-5-7-2] Sec. 2. (a) The treasurer shall have has charge of the 33 custody and disbursement of any funds collected by a collecting 34 authority and expended to pay expenses: 35 (1) approved by the principal or teacher in charge of the school; 36 (2) incurred in conducting any athletic, social, or other school 37 function (other than functions conducted solely by any 38 organization of parents and teachers); 39 (3) that cost more than twenty-five dollars (\$25) during the school 40 year; and 41 (4) that are not paid from public funds. 42 The principal or teacher in charge of the school shall designate a 43 collecting authority to be in charge of the collection of any funds 44 described in this subsection. Upon collection of any funds, the

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collecting authority shall deliver the funds, together with an accounting

of the funds, to the custody of the school treasurer. The principal may

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designate different collecting authorities for each separate account of funds described in this subsection.

- (b) The treasurer shall keep an accurate account of all money so received by the collecting authority and expended, showing the sources of all receipts and the purposes for which the money was expended and the balance on hand, and a copy of such the report shall be filed with the township trustee, board of school trustees, or board of school commissioners, within not later than two (2) weeks after the close of each school year, together with all records and files of such extracurricular activities.
- (c) However, in schools a school having two (2) or more semesters in any one (1) school year, the treasurer of any such the school shall file a copy of the treasurer's financial report of receipts and disbursements with the township trustee, board of school trustees, or board of school commissioners, within not later than two (2) weeks after the close of each semester, and all records and files of such extracurricular activities for the entire school year shall be filed with the last financial semester report of any one (1) school year.
- (d) A copy of such the report is to shall be filed with and kept by the city superintendent having jurisdiction and the county superintendent where the superintendent has jurisdiction. These records shall be are permanent records for five (5) years, after which time they may be destroyed.
- (e) A treasurer is not personally liable for an act or omission occurring in connection with the performance of the duties set forth in this section, unless the act or omission constitutes gross negligence or an intentional disregard of the treasurer's duties.
- [IC 20-5-7-3] Sec. 3. (a) The treasurer shall give a bond in such an amount as shall be fixed by the superintendent and principal of the school approximating the total amount of the anticipated funds which that will come into the hands of the treasurer at any one (1) time during the regular school year, and all such the bonds shall be filed with the trustee or board of school trustees. The surety on such the bonds shall must be a surety company authorized to do business in Indiana. Provided, However, that the requirement for giving such the bond and the requirement to deposit such the receipts in a separate bank account, as is required in section 4 of this chapter shall do not apply in any school for which such the funds, as estimated by the principal, will not exceed three hundred dollars (\$300) during a school year.
- (b) The requirements of this chapter may be fulfilled by the providing of a comprehensive bonding instrument, such as a single blanket position bond, for all extracurricular treasurers. Such comprehensive bonding instrument shall be acceptable in lieu instead of individual separate personal position bonds.
  - [IC 20-5-7-4] Sec. 4. (a) The treasurer shall deposit all receipts in



- one (1) bank account. and The receipts shall be deposited without unreasonable delay. The account shall be is known as the school extracurricular account. The records of each organization, class, or activity shall be kept separate so that the balance in each fund may be known at all times.
- (b) The money in the school extracurricular account may be invested under the conditions specified in IC 5-13-10 and IC 5-13-10.5 for investment of state money. However, investments under this section are at the discretion of the principal. The interest earned from any investment may be credited to the school extracurricular account and need not be credited proportionately to each separate extracurricular fund. The interest earned from the investment may be used for **any of the following:** 
  - (1) Any school purpose approved by the principal. or
  - (2) An extracurricular purpose approved by the principal.
- (c) Amounts expended under this section for the purposes described in this section are in addition to the appropriation under IC 20-5-2-2(2.5)[??].

[IC 20-5-7-5] Sec. 5. All forms and records for keeping the accounts of the extracurricular activities in the schools of Indiana school corporations shall be prescribed or approved by the state board of accounts. The records and affairs of such the extracurricular activities may be examined by the state board of accounts when in the judgment of the state examiner such an examination is necessary. Such The forms as are prescribed or approved for keeping such these accounts shall must be of such a character as to achieve a simplified system of bookkeeping and shall be paid for, along with the bond as herein required in this chapter, from the special school fund. The funds of all accounts of any organizations, class, or activity shall be accounted separately from all others. No Funds shall may not be transferred from the accounts of any organization, class, or activity except by a majority vote of its members, if any, and by the approval of the principal, sponsor, and treasurer of the organization, class, or activity. Provided, That **However**, in the case of athletic funds:

- (1) approval of the transfer must be made by the athletic director, who shall be is regarded as the sponsor; and
- (2) participating students shall are not be considered members. All expenditures shall be subject to review by the local school board. [IC 20-5-9-1] Sec. 1. Any Two (2) or more school corporations within a county may through their respective school trustees and boards
  - (1) Joint employment of professional personnel. and/or in

engage in any of the following:

(2) Joint purchases of necessary supplies, equipment, and other materials which said that the participating school officers may deem consider proper to the operation of their respective schools.

The cost of such these services and purchases to participating



corporations shall be determined by their proportionate use in the schools of participating corporations. The county superintendent of schools shall be is the administrator of these joint activities.

[IC 20-5-9-2] Sec. 2. (a) Each county board of education is hereby empowered by law to may authorize the county superintendent of schools to establish a joint service and supply fund, into which fund the participating school corporations shall pay their proportionate share pursuant to under an agreement for any such the joint services and supplies in which said the school corporations may be are interested. The county superintendent of schools shall be further authorized to may disburse from such the service and supply fund proper expenditures to pay salaries of jointly employed personnel and other joint service expenditures.

(b) The county superintendent of schools shall keep a complete written accounting of all receipts and disbursements pertaining related to the joint service and supply fund in a form approved by the state board of accounts. which The accounting shall be audited by the state board of accounts. The county superintendent of schools shall make a complete and detailed financial report of all receipts and disbursements in said the joint service and supply fund at the end of each fiscal year and shall furnish copies of said the report to all participating school corporations.

[IC 20-5-9-3] Sec. 3. The purchasing of equipment, supplies, and such materials shall be under the same laws and regulations as the purchasing would be if it were by a single school corporation. Provided That However, the bids shall be submitted by the superintendent of county schools to the participating corporations for approval.

[IC 20-5-10-1] Sec. 1. Public school corporations are authorized to may enter into agreements with institutions of higher education accredited by the training and licensing commission of Indiana [QUERY: Does this entity still exist?] for the purpose of providing to provide teaching experience for students thereof of the institutions preparing for the educational profession and for the services of persons working jointly for any such the school corporation and any such an institution.

[IC 20-5-10-2] Sec. 2. (a) Each such agreement shall under section 1 of this chapter must set out the responsibilities and rights of such the public school corporations, such the institutions, and such the students or persons who supervise such the students and who are working jointly for any such a school corporation and any such an institution.

- (b) Each agreement must contain:
  - (1) a provision for the payment of an honorarium for consulting services by the institution of higher education directly to the supervisor; and
  - (2) a provision that, if the sum paid by the institution to the



supervisor should ever be lawfully determined to be a wage rather than an honorarium by an instrumentality of the United States, then the institution of higher education shall be considered under the agreement to be the supervisor's part-time employer.

(c) The provisions required by subsection (b) of this section shall must be included in every agreement entered into or renewed under this chapter after June 30, 1981. Public school corporations and institutions of higher education shall revise all agreements in effect on July 1, 1981, to include the provisions required by subsection (b). of this section.

## [IC 20-5-11-1] Sec. 1. (a) The dollowing definitions apply throught this chapter:

- (1) "School corporation" shall be any local means a public school corporation established by and under the laws of the state. It shall include, but not be limited to, any Indiana law. The term includes a school city, school town, consolidated school corporation, metropolitan school district, county school corporation, community school corporation, or united school corporation.
- (b) (2) "Governing body" shall be any means a board of school commissioners, any metropolitan board of education, any board of trustees, or any other another board or commission charged by law with the responsibility of administering the affairs of the a school corporation.
- (c) (3) "Joint program" shall be means the joint employment of personnel, joint purchase of supplies or other material, or joint purchase or lease of equipment, joint lease of land, or buildings, or both, or joint construction of, remodeling of, or additions to school buildings, by two (2) or more school corporations, for a particular program or purpose. Such A joint action shall include, but not be limited to, includes the joint investment of money under IC 5-13, data processing operations, vocational education, psychological services, audiovisual services, guidance services, and special education, This shall include any and joint purchasing related to the acquisition of supplies or equipment which that are not to be used jointly.
- (d) (4) "Participating school corporations" shall be means all school corporations engaging in a joint program.
- [IC 20-5-11-2] Sec. 2. Any Two (2) or more school corporations acting through their respective governing bodies are authorized to may engage in joint programs under a written agreement executed by all participating school corporations. Such The agreement shall do the following:
  - (1) Designate the type of purchases, leases, or investments to be made.
  - (2) Prescribe the manner of approving persons employed under



the joint program.

- (3) Designate the type of construction, remodeling, or additions to be made on the school buildings. and shall also
- (4) Provide for the organization, administration, support, funding, and termination of such the program, subject to the provisions of this chapter.

[IC 20-5-11-3] Sec. 3. Such An agreement shall designate one (1) of the participating school corporations to administer and supervise the joint program, including but not limited to receiving and disbursing funds, executing documents, and maintaining records in accordance with the provisions of under this chapter and the agreement between the participating school corporations.

[IC 20-5-11-3.5] Sec. 3.5. Any A teacher employed in a joint program as defined by this chapter, who does not have existing years of service in one (1) of the member corporations of the joint program shall be is considered to have been employed as a teacher by that the governing body which that is administering the joint program at the time that the teacher is first employed by the joint program. and such The teacher shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges as set forth in IC 20-6.1-4[??], IC 20-6.1-5[??], and IC 20-6.1-6[??] as if employed as a regular teacher by the governing body which that is administering the joint program at the time that the teacher is first employed by the joint program.

[IC 20-5-11-3.6] Sec. 3.6. Any A teacher who has existing years of service in one (1) of the member school corporations of the joint program shall retain the same rights and privileges as set forth in IC 20-6.1-4[??], IC 20-6.1-5[??], and IC 20-6.1-6[??] as if still employed as a teacher in the school corporation in which the teacher has already acquired years of service.

[IC 20-5-11-3.7] Sec. 3.7. (a) A teacher who loses his the teacher's job in a joint program because of:

- (1) a reduction in services;
- (2) a reorganization;
- (3) the discontinuance of the joint program; or
- (4) a withdrawal in whole or in part of a participating school from the joint program;

shall be accorded the same rights that are provided under IC 20-1-6-20(e)[??] for teachers from special education cooperatives.

- (b) A teacher who:
  - (1) is employed in a joint program under this chapter;
  - (2) loses the teacher's job in the joint program as described in this subsection (a); and
  - (3) subsequently is employed by a participating school corporation as described in subsection (a);
- retains the rights and privileges under IC 20-6.1-4[??], IC 20-6.1-5[??], and IC 20-6.1-6[??] that the teacher held at the time the teacher lost the



job in the joint program as described in subdivision (2).

[IC 20-5-11-4] Sec. 4. (a) The governing bodies of participating school corporations are authorized to may pay into a joint fund, to be known as the joint services, leasing, construction, and supply fund, an amount set forth in the written agreement under section 2[??] of this chapter. Such A governing body shall budget and appropriate funds for the joint program from a special school fund or tuition fund of their respective school corporations, in accordance with law laws governing the use of such those funds.

(b) The joint services, leasing, construction, and supply fund shall be held by the governing body of the school corporation designated in the written agreement to administer and supervise the joint program. and such The designated governing body shall receive, disburse, and maintain an account for such the fund in the same manner as prescribed for other funds of such the governing body and in accordance with the provisions of under the written agreement, but without any further or additional appropriation of said the funds. Such The designated governing body shall make a complete and detailed financial report of all such receipts and disbursements within not later than thirty (30) days following after the end of each school year and shall furnish copies of such the report to the governing bodies of all other participating school corporations. Provided, however, That The provisions of this chapter relating to reports required of such governing bodies shall be under this chapter are supplementary to, and shall do not supersede or repeal the requirements for publication of annual reports of certain school corporations as provided by IC 1971, 5-3-1. IC 5-3-1.

[IC 20-5-11-5] Sec. 5. (a) The governing bodies of participating school corporations are authorized to may pay into a joint fund, to be known as the joint investment fund, all or any portion part of the money which the governing bodies may otherwise invest pursuant to under IC 5-13-9. The fund shall be administered by the governing body of the school corporation designated in the written agreement under section 2[??] of this chapter. and that The designated governing body shall receive, invest, maintain an account for, and disburse the fund in the same manner as prescribed for other funds for the governing body representing money available for investment and in accordance with the provisions of the written agreement.

- (b) With respect to an investment described in IC 5-13-9, quotations quotes may be solicited and received orally, and the investment shall be made with the duly designated depository which has that submitted the highest quotation. In the event that quote. If two (2) or more duly designated depositories submit the highest quotation, quote, the investment shall be made either:
  - (i) (1) by dividing the investment among the depositories so as not to lose the benefits of the quotations quotes received; or



(ii) (2) if division is not practicable, by lot.

(c) The duly designated depository holding the investment shall remit to the governing body administering the joint program any money due under the investment on the date the investment matures and in the manner directed by the governing body. Any duly A designated depository participating in an agreement for joint investment of money under IC 5-13 shall provide a detailed accounting of the transactions as required for audit purposes by the state board of accounts.

[IC 20-5-13-1] Sec. 1. For the purpose of and when used in The following definitions apply throughout this chapter:

- (a) (1) "School board" shall mean, means, when applicable to a public school of this state, Indiana, the board of school trustees, board of school commissioners, or school board of incorporated towns and cities, also shall mean and refer to and township school trustees. When applicable to a school other than a public school, it shall mean the term means a person or agency in active charge and management of such the school.
- (b) (2) "School" shall mean means the following:
  - (A) An Indiana public schools of this state of high school grade or under and shall also mean school in which any grade from kindergarten through grade 12 is taught.
  - (B) A nonpublic schools of high school grade or under other than a public school, except such school as school in which any grade from kindergarten through grade 12 is taught that is not operated for profit in whole or in part.
- (c) (3) "School lunch program" shall mean means a program under which lunches are served by any a school in this state Indiana on a nonprofit basis to children in attendance, including any such program under which a school receives assistance out of funds appropriated by the Congress of the United States.

[IC 20-5-13-2] Sec. 2. The state superintendent of public instruction is hereby authorized to may accept and direct the disbursement of funds appropriated by any act of the United States Congress and apportioned to the state for use in connection with school lunch programs. The state superintendent of public instruction shall deposit all such funds received from the federal government with the treasurer of state in such properly designated a special account or accounts as will to facilitate the administration of the program. and said The treasurer of state shall make disbursements therefrom from the account or accounts upon the direction of the state superintendent. of public instruction.

[IC 20-5-13-3] Sec. 3. (a) The state superintendent of public instruction may enter into such agreements with any a school board, or with any other agency or person, prescribe such regulations, employ such personnel, and take such other any action as he that the state superintendent may deem consider necessary to provide for the



establishment, maintenance, operation, and expansion of any a school lunch program and to direct the disbursement of federal and state funds in accordance with under any applicable provision of federal or state law.

(b) The state superintendent of public instruction may give technical advice and assistance to any a school board corporation in connection with the establishment and operation of any a school lunch program and may assist in training personnel engaged in the operation of such the program. The state superintendent of public instruction and any school board, corporation or any sponsoring agency (hereinafter referred to), may accept any gift for use in connection with any a school lunch program.

[IC 20-5-13-4] Sec. 4. School boards are hereby authorized to A governing body may operate or, by the appointment of a sponsoring agency, provide for the operation of school lunch programs in schools under their the governing body's jurisdiction, contract with respect to food, services, supplies, equipment, and facilities for the operation of such the programs, and use therefor funds disbursed to them under the provisions of this chapter, gifts, and other funds received from the sale of school lunches under such the programs.

[IC 20-5-13-5] Sec. 5. The state superintendent of public instruction shall prescribe rules for the keeping of accounts and records and the making of reports by or under the supervision of school boards. Such a governing body. The accounts and records shall at all times be available for inspection and audit at all times by authorized officials and shall be preserved for such a period of time, not in excess of at least five (5) years, as the state superintendent of public instruction may lawfully prescribe. The state superintendent of public instruction shall conduct or cause to be conducted such any audits, inspections, and administrative reviews of acts, records, and operations with respect to of a school lunch programs as may be program necessary to do the following:

- (1) Determine whether his agreements with school boards the governing body and rules made pursuant to under this chapter are being complied with. and to
- (2) Ensure that a school lunch programs are program is effectively administered.

[IC 20-5-13-6] Sec. 6. The state superintendent of public instruction is hereby authorized may, to the extent that funds are available for that purpose, and in cooperation with other appropriate agencies and organizations, to do the following:

- (1) Conduct studies of methods of improving and expending school lunch programs and promoting nutritional education in the schools. to
- (2) Conduct appraisals of the nutritive benefits of school lunch programs. and to



(3) Report his the findings and recommendations from time to time periodically to the governor.

[IC 20-5-13-8] Sec. 8. All and any of the rights, powers, duties, and liabilities in favor of or enjoined upon said the administrative defense council of the state of Indiana arising out of the execution of said the contract of August 27, 1946, with said the United States Department of Agriculture, and the carrying out of said the school lunch program pursuant thereto, to the contract, shall immediately vest in the state superintendent of public instruction on March 15, 1947, and said the contract shall thereafter be carried out and performed by and in the name of said the state superintendent of public instruction, for and on behalf of the state of Indiana, without the necessity of executing a new contract, therefor, unless a new contract shall be found to be is necessary or desirable by the parties. thereto.

[IC 20-5-13-9] Sec. 9. (a) All school cities, school townships, school towns, and joint districts are hereby authorized to may:

- (1) establish, equip, operate, and maintain school kitchens and school lunchrooms for the improvement of the health of the school children attending school therein, students and for the advancement of the educational work of their respective schools; to
- (2) employ all necessary directors, assistants, and agents; and
- (3) appropriate funds of such school corporations for such purpose. Such for the school lunch program.

Participation in a school lunch program pursuant to the provisions of under this chapter shall be is discretionary with the governing board of any a school corporation.

(b) In the event that If federal funds are not available for the purpose of carrying on to operate a school lunch program, the state of Indiana shall not participate in such a school lunch program, and any money appropriated by the state of Indiana for such that purpose and not expended shall immediately revert to the state general fund. Failure on the part of the state of Indiana to participate in the school lunch program shall does not invalidate any appropriation made or school lunch program carried on by any a school corporation by means of gifts or money raised by tax levy pursuant to the provisions of under this chapter. for the purpose of such school lunch program.

[IC 20-5-13.5-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "participating school corporation" refers to a school corporation that includes at least one (1) qualifying school building.

[IC 20-5-13.5-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "qualifying school building" refers to a public school building in which:

(1) at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the students who were enrolled at that school building during the prior school year qualified for free or reduced price lunches under guidelines established under 42 U.S.C. 1758(b); and



1 (2) lunches are served to students. 2 [IC 20-5-13.5-3] Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "school breakfast 3 program" refers to a program under which breakfast is served at a 4 qualifying school building on a nonprofit basis to children students 5 enrolled at the qualifying school building. [IC 20-5-13.5-4] Sec. 4. By October 1, 1994, the governing body of 6 7 a participating school corporation shall implement or contract for the 8 implementation of a school breakfast program at each qualifying school 9 building within the school corporation's boundaries. 10 [IC 20-5-13.5-5] Sec. 5. The A governing body shall implement the governing body's breakfast program in compliance with the 11 12 requirements for participation in the national school breakfast program 13 under 42 U.S.C. 1773 et seg. 14 [IC 20-5-13.5-6] Sec. 6. The department shall assist each 15 participating school corporation in implementing the school's breakfast 16 program and in making all appropriate applications to the federal 17 government for available financial assistance on behalf of the 18 participating school corporation. 19 [IC 20-5-13.5-7] Sec. 7. The department shall monitor the school 20 breakfast programs required under this chapter and maintain complete 21 and accurate records of the programs. 22 [IC 20-5-13.5-8] Sec. 8. (a) The department shall establish 23 guidelines to implement this chapter. 24 (b) The state board may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement 25 this chapter. 26 [IC 20-5-15-1] Sec. 1. In all the cities and incorporated towns, of 27 this state, the board of school trustees, board of school commissioners, 28 or whatever board may be established by law to take charge of the 29 public or common schools of said city or incorporated town, shall have 30 power, if, in their discretion, they deem it to the public interest, to a governing body may establish a free public library in connection with 31 32 the common schools. of said city or incorporated town, and to make 33 such rules and regulations for: 34 (1) the care, and protection, and government operation of such 35 the library; and for 36 (2) the care of the books provided therefor, and for the taking 37 from other materials; and 38 (3) borrowing and returning to said library of such books as the 39 said board may deem necessary and proper, and to provide other 40 materials and penalties for the violation thereof. any violations. 41 However, in any city or incorporated town where there is already 42 established a library open to all the people, no a tax shall **not** be levied. 43 for the purpose herein named. [QUERY: What date? Probably the date

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governing body may levy a tax of not exceeding more than one (1)

[IC 20-5-15-2] Sec. 2. Such board shall also have power to The

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45 46 of original enactment.]



mill on each one dollar (\$1) of taxable property assessed for taxation in such a city or incorporated town in each year. which The tax shall be placed on the tax duplicate of such the city or incorporated town and collected in the same manner as other taxes. and when said The taxes are so collected, they shall be paid over to the said board governing body for the support and maintenance of said the public library. Such board shall have power, and it shall be its duty, to disburse said fund, and all The governing body may use tax revenues derived from gift or devise, in providing and fitting up received under this section and gifts, devises, and grants to:

- (1) provide suitable rooms facilities for such the library;
- (2) in the purchase care and binding of books therefor, and other materials; and in the payment of salaries to a librarian and necessary assistants.
- (3) hire necessary personnel.

[IC 20-5-15-3] Sec. 3. Any such A city or incorporated town in which a free public library may be is established in accordance with the terms of under this chapter may acquire by purchase or take and hold by gift, grant, or devise any real estate necessary for, or which may be that is donated or devised for, the benefit of such the library. and all revenues arising therefrom, and the proceeds of the same, if sold, Any revenue derived from the real property shall be devoted to the use of said used for the library.

[IC 20-5-16-1] Sec. 1. The board of school commissioners of any incorporated town or city, or the trustee of any school corporation A governing body may establish and maintain, in connection with or in addition to the other school of such town or city, nursery schools for the instruction of children under less than six (6) years of age. the Expenses of which operating the nursery schools shall be paid in the same manner as other grades and departments now established in the common schools of such expenses of the school corporation.

[IC 20-5-16-2] Sec. 2. For the purpose of establishing and maintaining any such nursery schools, said A school corporations corporation may make provisions therefor establish and maintain nursery schools from the same revenue in the same manner as other grades and departments in the common schools of such the school corporations corporation are provided for and may make application apply for and receive from any state or federal governmental agency such any funds as may be made available through such the agencies for such that purpose.

[IC 20-5-16-3] Sec. 3. Any school authorities, A school corporation may in their discretion, apply the fund provided for in this section or use funds under section 2[??] of this chapter or such portion thereof as they deem advisable, to for the aid, maintenance, and support of nursery schools conducted by any an association incorporated for the purpose, provided, however, that such association



in any town or city shall have the approval of the board of school trustees or board of school commissioners of such town or city. to operate a nursery school.

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[IC 20-5-18-1] Sec. 1. Any building or other property belonging to any owned by a civil township in this state may be conveyed to the corresponding school township in the manner prescribed in this chapter.

[IC 20-5-18-2] Sec. 2. In order To effect the a transfer or conveyance of any building or other property from any a civil township to the corresponding school township, a petition may be filed with the board of commissioners of the county in which such the civil township is situated, located, asking for the conveyance or transfer of such the building or other property, the nature of the building or other property to be conveyed or transferred, and the reasons for desiring to effect such the conveyance or transfer. The petition shall must be signed by a majority of the legal voters resident within such residing in the civil township and shall be filed in the office of the county auditor. At the time of filing such the petition, the petitioners shall give a bond, with good and sufficient freehold sureties, payable to the state, to be approved by the board of commissioners, conditioned to pay all expenses in the event if the board of commissioners shall fail to does **not** authorize the proposed conveyance or transfer. Immediately after such a petition shall have been is filed, the county auditor shall give notice of the filing of such the petition by causing publication to be made once a week for two (2) consecutive weeks in one (1) newspaper printed and published in the county and of general circulation in the county in which such the civil township is situated. located. The board of commissioners shall hear the petition at their the next regular term, meeting and on the day designated in the notice, and shall determine all matters pertaining thereto, and concerning the petition. If such the board shall be is satisfied as to the propriety of granting the prayer of the petitioners, petitioners' request, they shall so find, and thereupon the board shall make a finding to that effect, and the trustee of such the civil township shall convey such the building or other property belonging to such the civil township to such the corresponding school township, and such the school township shall thereafter hold, control and manage such thereafter holds, controls, and manages the building or other property. All expenses incurred in the conveyance of such property, if such conveyance be authorized, shall be paid out of the general funds of such civil township.

[IC 20-5-19-1] Sec. 1. A school corporation (as defined by in IC 36-1-2-17) may convey property owned by the school corporation to a civil city or other political subdivision for civic purposes if:

(1) the board of the school corporation governing body adopts a resolution recommending the transfer and conveyance of the school property;



- (2) the civil city or political subdivision agrees to accept the school property;
- (3) the members of the board for the school corporation execute governing body executes a deed for the school property; and
- (4) the conveyance is not for payment or other consideration.

[IC 20-5-20-2] Sec. 2. Any such common A school corporation which has heretofore acquired or shall hereafter acquire that acquires any personal real property or real estate by gift, devise or bequest in respect of which, the donor or testator at the time of making the same, has annexed or may annex conditions or directions concerning the manner in which the same shall be held, used, enjoyed or disposed of, shall hold, use, enjoy and dispose of the same agreeably to real property under the terms and conditions so imposed by the donor or devisor.

[IC 20-5-20-3] Sec. 3. (a) In every case where any such If a common school corporation has acquired or shall acquire or acquires any personal property or real estate by gift, devise, or bequest in respect of concerning which the donor or testator, at the time of making the same, gift, bequest, or devise, has not or shall does not annex include conditions or directions concerning the same gift, bequest, or devise inconsistent with the requirement of this section, the principal of such those gifts, devises, and bequests shall be is inviolate, but the interest, rents, incomes, issues, and profits thereof may be expended by such the school corporation. Such The interest, rent, incomes, issues, and profits shall may not be devoted:

- (1) to the payment of any obligation of the corporation incurred before the property was acquired;
- (2) nor to the payment of the salaries or wages of:
  - (A) teachers of the branches commonly and generally taught in the public schools; or for
  - **(B)** school or library officers or employees; nor or
- (3) to the purchase of ordinary school furniture or supplies of the character required by the corporation to be paid for from the current income or revenue coming to it from taxes or by operation of law

but the same However, the interest, rents, incomes, issues, and profits may be devoted to any public educational or public library or kindred similar purpose for which in the judgment of the managing board or trustee of the corporation believes adequate financial provision shall has not have been made by law.

**(b)** If in the judgment of such the board or trustee it seems wise believes it is prudent to invest the principal of the gift, devise, or bequest in the erection or equipping, or both, of a building to be devoted to some special use of a public educational or library character, and the expressed will of the donor or testator will not thereby be violated, the principal may be so may be used for that purpose,



anything in this chapter to the contrary notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter. but This provision shall subsection may not be construed to permit its use for the building or equipping of buildings for the ordinary graded or high schools.

[IC 20-5-20-4] Sec. 4. If in the judgment of the board of trustees or school commissioners of any corporation coming under the terms of governed by this chapter it would be wise believes it is prudent to appoint a trustee or trustees to hold the title to any such property, real or personal, acquired by it the board or commissioners in the manner mentioned in this chapter, unless the wish and will of the donor or testator expressed as aforesaid would thereby be violated, and to invest the principal and pay over from time to time only the net interest, rents, issues, incomes, and profits of the fund to the school corporation for use as provided in this chapter, provided, such the school corporation is hereby authorized and empowered to may name and appoint such trustee or one (1) or more trustees and to vest in him or them the trustees the title to such the property, subject to such trust and powers as the school corporation may impose, not inconsistent with:

- (1) the **expressed** wish or will of the donor or testator; <del>expressed</del> as aforesaid, or of the provisions of
- (2) this chapter;

applicable to such the property in case no such transfer to a trustee has been made. Provided, that However, if the managing board of such the school corporation shall consist consists of fewer than three (3) persons and the school corporation elects to have the property held and managed by trustees, the corporation shall establish the terms of the trust and make the conveyance, but the trustees shall in such case be not fewer than three (3) and shall be named and appointed by and the judge of the circuit court of the county in which the school corporation is domiciled shall appoint at least three (3) trustees.

[IC 20-5-20-5] Sec. 5. It is the main purpose of this chapter that the identity of the principal of gifts, and benefactions of friends of bequests, and devises to [QUERY: OK??] the state's public schools may not be lost and that the income from their investment of the gifts, bequests, and devises shall be used in giving to schoolchildren students the public education and library advantages that could not be enjoyed if only the school and library revenue and income provided by law were available. but nothing in This chapter shall not be construed as a limitation against the investment and reinvestment either by the school corporation itself or the trustees appointed agreeably to under this chapter, from time to time, [QUERY: OK to strike??] as the safety of the fund or the best interests of the recipient school corporation may, to the school corporation to which it is given, seem to require.

[IC 20-5-21-1] Sec. 1. Whenever any person shall give or bequeath unto If a person gives or bequeaths to trustees [QUERY: Which trustees?] any sum of money exceeding that exceeds five thousand



dollars (\$5,000) for the purpose of erecting a public school building or seminary in any unincorporated town, in this state, and upon the express or implied condition contained in said the gift or bequest that an equal amount equal thereto shall be raised by the citizens of said the town or township for a like purpose, the township trustee of said the township in which said the town is situated located shall, upon the petition of a majority of the legal voters of said the township, be authorized to prepare, issue, and sell the bonds of said the township to secure a loan not exceeding fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000), in anticipation of the revenue for special school purposes, for the purpose of complying with the condition annexed attached to such the gift or devise. said The bonds to must bear a rate of interest not exceeding seven (7%) percent (7%) per annum, payable at such time, within seven (7) years from after date, as such the trustee may determine: determines. Provided, That However, until all the bonds of any one (1) issue shall have been redeemed, such the township trustee shall may not be authorized to make another issue, nor shall may any such bonds be sold at a less rate than ninety-five cents (\$0.95) on the dollar.

[IC 20-5-21-2] Sec. 2. The whole number of votes cast for candidates for congress at the last preceding congressional election in the township shall be deemed is considered to be the whole number of legal voters of such the township, a majority of whose names shall be signed to the petition presented to such the township trustee, to which petition shall be attached the affidavit or affidavits, as such the trustee may deem considers necessary, of a competent and credible person or persons that the signatures of all the names to said the petition are genuine and that the persons whose names are thereto signed who signed the petition are, as he the trustee believes, legal voters of such the township.

[IC 20-5-21-3] Sec. 3. The township trustee shall record such the petition together with and the attached names attached, in the record book of his the township. and carefully The township trustee shall file away and preserve said the petition, and shall enter in such entering into the record a statement of the date and time when such the petition was filed. and If said the township trustee shall then be is satisfied that said the petition contains the names of a majority of the legal voters of said the township, he the township trustee shall then prepare, issue, and sell bonds to of the amount petitioned for listed in said the petition, as provided in section 1[??] of this chapter. and The township trustee shall accurately keep a record of all proceedings in and about concerning the issue and sale of said the bonds, to whom and for what amount sold, the rate of interest, they bear, and the time when they the bonds become due.

[IC 20-5-23-1] Sec. 1. Whenever, in the opinion of If:

(1) the trustees of school corporations of any city or town, or of



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(2) the township trustee of any township in the state, it shall be considered believes it is necessary to purchase any real estate on which to build a schoolhouse, or for any other purpose connected therewith; [QUERY: connected with the building of a schoolhouse?] such

**the** township trustee or school trustees, or a majority of them, may file a petition in the circuit court of said the county asking for the appointment of appraisers to appraise and assess the value of said the real estate.

[IC 20-5-23-2] Sec. 2. Upon said petition being filed, the owner or owners of said real estate, having had Ten (10) days notice of the pendency thereof, after a petition is filed under section 1[??] of this chapter, the court shall appoint three (3) freeholders resident who reside in said the school corporation or said township where said the real estate is situate, located to appraise and assess the value thereof of the real estate. [QUERY: This assumes that filing the petition gives the court notice of the pending of the petition -- OK??]

[IC 20-5-23-3] Sec. 3. Said appraisers, Before making said the appraisement and assessment, the appraisers shall take an oath before the clerk of said the court to make a fair, true, and honest appraisement of said the real estate and shall then proceed to examine said the real estate, hear such evidence as they may consider necessary, and make a report of their appraisement to said the court within not later than five (5) days after their appointment. and thereupon such Then the township trustee or school trustees of such the school corporation, or a majority of them, may pay to the clerk of said the court, for the use of the owner or owners thereof, of the real estate, the amount thus assessed. and, upon such When the payment being is made and the same having been payment is shown to the court hearing said cause, the title to said the real estate shall at once vest vests immediately in such the school corporation or school township for said school purposes, [QUERY: OK??] and said the court shall cause said the real estate to be conveyed to said the school corporation or school township by a commissioner appointed therefor, and said for that purpose, and the school corporation or school township may immediately take possession of said the real estate for said the purpose. Upon the report of said the appraisers being filed, any party to the action, within ten (10) days, may except to the amount of the appraisement and valuation of said the real estate, and a trial may be had thereon before said the court as other civil causes are tried, and said the court shall fix the amount of said the appraisement and assessment, and any party to said the action may appeal from the judgment of said the court as other civil cases are appealed. Provided, That should said However, if the township trustee or school trustees, or a majority of them, except to the amount of the appraisement and assessment, as aforesaid, the court shall convey said the real estate to said the school corporation or



school township, and the title to said the real estate shall at once vest in said vests immediately in the school corporation or school township for said the purposes, and the subsequent proceedings upon said the exceptions shall only affect only the amount of such the appraisement and assessments.

[IC 20-5-23-4] Sec. 4. Before the filing of said the petition, said the township trustee or school trustees, or a majority of them, may offer or tender to the owner or owners of said the real estate an amount deemed considered a reasonable value therefor, and should for the real estate. If the amount fixed by the appraisers or by the court subsequently thereto be later becomes the same or less than the amount so tendered, then said the cause shall be prosecuted at the cost of the owner or owners of said the real estate, and upon exception to the amount fixed by the appraisers, should said if the exceptor does not increase the amount of said the appraisement and assessment, the action on such the exception shall be at the cost of such the exceptor. Where If no amount has been tendered by said the township trustee or school trustees, or a majority of them, and no exception taken, the action shall be prosecuted at the costs cost of the petitioners.

[IC 20-5-28-1] Sec. 1. (a) A school corporation in Indiana may purchase buildings or lands, or lands and buildings both, for school purposes and for that purpose may improve the buildings or land. lands, or both.

- (b) An existing building, other than a building obtained under IC 5-17-2 (before its repeal) or IC 4-13-1.7, permitting the purchase of suitable surplus government buildings, may not be purchased for use as a school building unless the building was originally constructed for use by the school corporation and used for that purpose for a period of at least five (5) years or more next preceding the acquisition as provided in this chapter.
- (c) Notwithstanding any provisions in this chapter limiting the purchase of school buildings, a school corporation may purchase suitable buildings or lands, or lands and suitable buildings both, adjacent to school property for school purposes and for that purpose may improve the buildings or land lands, or both, after giving notice to the taxpayers of the intention of the school corporation to purchase. The Taxpayers of the school corporation have the same right of appeal to the department of local government finance under the same procedure as provided for in IC 6-1.1-20-5 through IC 6-1.1-20-6.

[IC 20-5-28-2] Sec. 2. For the purpose of procuring funds to pay the purchase price of such building, or lands, or lands and buildings, and improving the same for school purposes, such A school corporations shall have the power to may issue and sell their bonds under the provisions of the general statutes governing the issuance of bonds of such school corporations. to purchase and improve buildings or lands, or both. All laws relating to the filing of petitions,



remonstrances, and objecting petitions, the giving of notices of the filing of petitions, the determination to issue bonds, and the appropriation of the proceeds of the bonds shall be are applicable to the issuance of bonds under the provisions of this chapter.

[IC 20-5-28-3] Sec. 3. (a) If: any

- (1) a school township whose boundaries are coterminous with the boundaries of the corresponding civil township shall have has occupied as lessee for a period of at least five (5) years or more a building constructed for its use as a school building; and
- (2) the township board shall finds that it would be to in the best interests of the school township and its taxpayers for the school township to purchase such the building; and that
- (3) the whole entire amount required to pay the cost of acquisition cannot be provided by the school township on account of the constitutional debt limitation; then

the township board, with the approval of the township trustee, may authorize the issuance of bonds by each of the school township and the civil township to provide funds to pay the cost of acquisition of such the building.

- (b) The amount of the civil township bonds shall may not exceed the amount required to pay the cost of acquisition over and above the amount which that can validly be financed by the school township for that purpose. The issuance of such bonds shall must be authorized by separate resolutions specifying the amount, terms, and conditions of the bonds to be issued by each of said the corporations. and The bonds issued shall be are the separate obligations of said the corporations, respectively. Such The bonds shall must be payable at such times and in such amounts within not later than twenty (20) years from after the date of issuance as the township board may determine, and shall otherwise be authorized, issued, and sold in accordance with the applicable general laws.
- (c) The word As used in this section, "building" shall be construed to include includes the land appurtenant thereto occupied by the school township for school purposes.

[IC 20-5-32-1] Sec. 1. It is hereby declared to be the policy of the general assembly of the state of Indiana to promote the acquisition, construction, and erection of school facilities by what is known as the off-site construction method in order that so school corporations in the state of Indiana might obtain needed school facilities which, that, in many cases, would be denied them by the higher cost of conventional construction. of such facilities.

[IC 20-5-32-2] Sec. 2. The term As used in this chapter, "off-site construction" means the fabrication and assembly of the component parts of various materials at a point other than the construction site where they the parts are normally fabricated or assembled.

[IC 20-5-32-3] Sec. 3. When the governing body or officer of any



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a school corporation in the state shall determine determines to erect or build a school building or buildings in which off-site construction techniques are to be used, said the governing body or officer shall advertise for plans and specifications and for bids covering said the plans and specifications. Each bidder shall be required to must file his or it's the bidder's plans or specifications together with his or it's the bid. Such The advertisement shall be published once each week for a period of two (2) consecutive weeks in two (2) newspapers published in the school corporation. If only one (1) newspaper is published in said the boundaries of the school corporation, then said the advertisement shall be published in such that newspaper and also in any a newspaper of general circulation published in the county where such the school corporation is located. If no a newspaper is not published in said the boundaries of the school corporation, then such the advertisement shall be published in any two (2) newspapers of general circulation published in the county where said the school corporation is located. If there be but only one (1) newspaper is published in the county where such the school corporation is located, publication in such one (1) newspaper shall be is sufficient. Said The advertisement shall recite must give a description of the building or buildings to be erected and the estimated cost. thereof, and shall not require any Plans and specifications or bids are not required to be filed for a period of at least four (4) weeks after the date of the last publication of said the advertisement. Subject to other applicable provisions of this chapter, said the school corporation may accept the bid of the lowest bidder submitting plans and specifications considered satisfactory by the school corporation for a building or buildings. deemed satisfactory by said school corporation.

[IC 20-5-32-4] Sec. 4. For the purpose of procuring funds to pay the cost of such building or buildings, and costs incidental thereto, such A school corporation shall have the powers to may issue and sell bonds to construct a building or buildings under the provisions of the general statutes governing the issuance and sale of bonds of such by school corporations insofar as they are if not in conflict with the provisions of this chapter.

[IC 20-5-32-5] Sec. 5. Prior to Before the execution of any a contract pursuant to the provisions hereof, under this chapter, the plans and specifications for such a building or buildings, which shall be prepared by an architect or engineer registered to practice in Indiana, shall be submitted to the state department of health, the state fire marshal, the state building commissioner, and such any other agencies as may be designated by law to pass on plans and specifications for school buildings. and such The plans and specifications shall be approved by such agencies each agency in writing prior to before the execution of such the contract.

[IC 20-5-32-6] Sec. 6. After the completion of any a school



building or buildings erected or constructed under the provisions of this chapter but prior to its acceptance, and before acceptance by the school corporation, the state building commissioner shall examine and inspect such the building or buildings to determine whether the requirements of the contract and the plans and specifications have been faithfully complied with, and it shall be met. The commissioner's duty to state building commissioner shall immediately report to such the school authority corporation any deviation from such any requirements. Before any final payment and settlement shall be is made, the state building commissioner shall file with such the governing body or officer his an affidavit that all requirements of the contract and of the plans and specifications have been fully and faithfully complied with. met.

[IC 20-5-32-7] Sec. 7. This chapter shall may not be deemed considered to alter, amend, or repeal any other Indiana statute. of the state of Indiana. provided, However, that the provisions of any other statute shall may not apply to proceedings under this chapter to the extent that any such the statute is inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter.

